

***Pomaderris walshii* Millott & K.L. McDougall – Walsh’s Pomaderris**

*P. walshii* is a shrub or small tree to 3 m tall, found in riparian shrubland. It is listed as critically endangered under both the Commonwealth’s *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* and the NSW *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995*.

**Distribution and Abundance:** Currently only known in NSW, from the upper Kangaroo River and its tributaries, above Carrington Falls, south-east of Robertson.

**Local Distribution:** Carrington Falls.

**Similar Species:** *P. costata* from which it differs in having stellate hairs as well as simple hairs on the young stems and leaf lower surface and petals present.



Carrington Falls



Young stems and petioles with appressed, silvery to rusty simple hairs and medium to close, white stellate hairs



Leaves narrow-ovate, 3.6–6 cm long, 14–22 mm wide; base cuneate to obtuse; margins entire, flat or slightly recurved; apex acute to acuminate; petiole 4–10 mm long



Upper leaf surface green and glabrous



Lower surface densely hairy with loosely appressed, white-silvery simple hairs and dense white stellate hairs



Stipules narrow-triangular, apex acute, 2–6 mm long, soon deciduous



Inflorescence of 20 - c. 100 flowers, pyramidal to hemispherical, terminal, 4–7.5 cm long and wide at base; bracts deciduous; pedicels 1.5–4.3 mm long.



Flowers cream-coloured to yellow; externally pubescent to villous with loosely appressed, silvery simple hairs and dense stellate hairs.



Petals present 1.7–1.9 mm long, spreading, spatulate



Capsules and hypanthium with whitish hairs