Wednesday Walk - Chalet Road, Brindabella Ranges - 2 November 2016

The objective of this walk soon after an autumn walk here was to see the *Hovea asperifolia* in flower and to check the identity of an *Olearia* previously named as *phlogopappa* that is not on the ACT Census. These objectives were achieved with a spectacular flowering of the Hovea while the Olearia was identified as a small-leafed form of *O. lirata*.

We added several plants to the list including *Amperea xiphoclada* that is not recorded on the ACT Census, *Asperula conferta*, *Cardamine paucijuga*, the bird orchid *Chiloglottis valida*, *Cotula australis*, *Craspedia aurantia*, and *Leucopogon fletcheri* and an unusual groundcover sprawling over the roadside bank with notched leaves that could not be identified. We did not cover the grasses, sedges or ferns. The Cotula may be a doubtful record as it needs the flowers to distinguish it from *Leptinella* that is recorded from here. We will also need to check the *Amperea*. We also saw an unusual form of *Poranthera microphylla* with reddish leaves and pink flowers as well as the normal green form.



Asperula conferta



Cardamine paucijuga



Chiloglottis valida



Leucopogon fletcheri



Poranthera microphylla pink



Poranthera microphylla normal

At the carpark the *Bossiaea foliosa* was just coming into flower underneath the snow gums. The road descends into wet sclerophyll forest dominated by mountain gum, *Eucalyptus dalrympleana*, and alpine ash, *E. delegatensis*, and was lined with montane silver wattle, *Acacia dealbata* var *alpina* in full flower. We could not miss the single specimen of *Hovea asperifolia* subsp *asperifolia* (formerly *H. rosmarinifolia*) in full flower. It is recorded as common in Cosgrove and although it may be well represented in collections this is the first specimen we have seen despite extensive walks in the area. We previously identified the local pepper bush as *Tasmannia lanceolata* and today it was abundant and in flower with its separate male and female bushes. These specimens had petiolate, lanceolate leaves rather than spathulate, apetiolate leaves, suggesting they were not *T. xerophila* as recorded in Cosgrove, but material needs to be collected for confirmation. Further on we located the large Olearia in bud that we are now sure is a small-leaved form of *O. lirata* rather than *O. phlogopappa*. The new curled fronds of the mother shield fern, *Polystichum proliferum*, were a conspicuous feature of the roadside while in a wet gutter along a drainage line we confirmed *Epacris breviflora*.



Bossiaea foliosa



Hovea asperifolia



Tasmannia lanceolata Male



Tasmannia lanceolata Female



Unidentified ground cover



Unidentified ground cover



Olearia liarta Craspedia variabilis



Pomaderris aspera

After passing the arboretum turn-off the road turns west and the environment is more exposed to the sun and the wet sclerophyll forest association is replaced by patches of low forest dominated by *Eucalyptus dives*. Low sclerophyllous shrubs are commoner and include *Leucopogon fletcheri*, *L. lanceolatus*, *Platylobium montanum* (formerly *P. formosum*) among others while *Craspedia variabilis* was flowering in the gutter. A range of *Senecio* species were seen in leaf but were not identifiable at this stage. In one of the gullies we recorded a large patch of *Pomaderris aspera*.

Photos by Roger Farrow.

Plant List for Chalet Road, Brindabella Ranges - 2 November 2016

? indicates that those present were unsure of the plant name

Acacia dealbata var alpina Acacia gunnii Acacia melanoxylon Acacia obliquinervia Acacia pravissima Acaena novae-zelandiae Acaena ovina

Acrothamnus hookeri ?Amperea xiphoclada Arrhenechthites mixta Asperula conferta

Asplenium flabellifolium Astrotricha ledifolia

Baeckea utilis

Bedfordia arborescens

Blechnum sp Bossiaea foliosa

Brachyscome aculeata Brachyscome diversifolia Brachyscome spathulata

Carex appressa

Cassinia aculeata Cassinia longifolia Cassinia megalophylla Chiloglottis valida

Chrysocephalum semipapposum

Clematis aristata Coprosma hirtella Coprosma quadrifida Coronidium ?monticola

Cotula australis
Craspedia aurantia
Craspedia variabilis
Cullen microcephalum
Cynoglossum australe
Daucus glochidiatus
Daviesia mimosoides
Daviesia ulicifolia
Dianella revoluta
Dianella tasmanica
Dichondra repens
Dicksonia antarctica

Epacris breviflora Epilobium sp

Eucalyptus dalrympleana Eucalyptus delegatensis Eucalyptus dives Eucalyptus pauciflora

Eucalyptus radiata
Eucalyptus viminalis
Euchiton sphaericum
Euphrasia collina
Exocarpos strictus

Galium sp

Geranium solanderi

Geranium sp

Glycine clandestina Gonocarpus tetragynus

Goodenia hederacea ssp alpestris

Hardenbergia violacea Hibbertia obtusifolia

Hovea asperifolia subsp asperifolia

Hydrocotyle algida

Hydrocotyle laxiflora

Juncus sp

Leptospermum lanigerum Leucopogon fletcheri Leucopogon lanceolatus

Linum marginale

Lomandra filiformis ssp coriacea Lomandra filiformis ssp filiformis

Lomandra longifolia Lomatia myricoides

Luzula sp

Microseris lanceolata

Microtis sp

Mirbelia oxylobioides Monotoca scoparia Olearia erubescens Olearia lirata

Olearia megalophylla

Opercularia hispida
Oreomyrrhis eriopoda
Oxylobium ellipticum
Ozothamnus stirlingii
Persoonia chamaepeuce
Persoonia subvelutina

Pimelea curviflora ssp acuta Platylobium montanum

Poa helmsii Poa labillardieri Poa meionectes

Poa sp

Polyscias sambucifolia Polystichum proliferum Pomaderris aspera Poranthera microphylla Poranthera microphylla 'Pink'

Pteridium esculentum

Ranunculus lappaceus
Rubus parvifolius
Scleranthus biflorus
Senecio distalilobatus
Senecio linearifolius
Senecio quadridentatus
Stackhousia monogyna
Stellaria pungens
Stylidium armeria
Tasmannia lanceolata
Tetratheca bauerifolia
Veronica ? calycina
Veronica derwentiana
Viola betonicifolia

Xerochrysum viscosum

Viola hederacea